

4-6-1965

Kabul Times (April 6, 1965, vol. 4, no. 14)

Bakhtar News Agency

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes>

 Part of the [International and Area Studies Commons](#)

Recommended Citation

Bakhtar News Agency, "Kabul Times (April 6, 1965, vol. 4, no. 14)" (1965). *Kabul Times*. 867.
<https://digitalcommons.unomaha.edu/kabultimes/867>

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the Digitized Newspaper Archives at DigitalCommons@UNO. It has been accepted for inclusion in Kabul Times by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@UNO. For more information, please contact unodigitalcommons@unomaha.edu.



THE WEATHER

Yesterday's Temperature
Max. +7°C. Minimum 6°C.
Sun sets today at 6.23 p.m.
Sun rises tomorrow at 5.48 am
Tomorrow's Outlook: Rainy

KABUL TIMES

NEWS STALLS

Kabul Times is available at:
Khyber Restaurant; Kabul
Hotel; Share-Naw near
Park Cinema; Kabul Inter-
national Airport

VOL. IV, NO. 14

KABUL, TUESDAY, APRIL 6, 1965, (HAMAL 17 1344, S.H.)

PRICE Af. 2

Dr. Yousuf Urges All To Help Develop Country

KANDAHAR, April 6.—

PRIME Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf told the people of Kandahar at a civic reception that the few people holding top jobs cannot build the country on their own. "What we need is for everyone to join hands to lead the country forward," he said.

Despite rainy weather, thousands of people had gathered in Shah Ashraf Park to hear the Prime Minister. In his hour-long speech Dr. Yousuf declared that the government aims at establishing direct contact with the people. The government must be the people's own and there should be a relation of friendship and mutual respect between the people and the government, he added.

"We must create a system," he emphasized, under which every position, including Prime Ministership, can be occupied by any citizen on the basis of his merits and capabilities."

In six months' time elections will be held in Afghanistan under the new election law, the Prime Minister said. He urged the people to send to Parliament only those who could properly represent the electorate and could keep watch on the government. These representatives must be individuals who put their own interests and aspirations second to those of the nation, he said.

"Only when the entire population of the country is made immune to diseases, when hunger is completely overcome, when everyone is adequately clothed and when every child is provided with appropriate education, only then can we fully rejoice," he continued.

"We have a long way to travel to reach our goal but what has been accomplished is promising and satisfactory."

Dr. Yousuf praised the efforts of the previous governments which worked under the leadership and guidance of late His Majesty King Mohammad Nadir Shah and His Majesty King Mohammad Zahir Shah.

The Prime Minister said the need for the promotion of mutual confidence between the government and the people is more pressing today than ever before. "We should work to bring about this confidence. Our officials should work with dedication and with devotion to their jobs and their country. We must stamp out disunity and join hands to complete the task of developing Afghanistan."

"Our economic situation is not satisfactory. We must try to produce our clothes by ourselves and leave behind life under cracked roofs of fallen-down huts."

The Prime Minister said all the natural resources essential for development exist in Afghanistan. Our people are among most talented in the world. We want them to utilise the country's rich resources for the betterment of their lives."

He admitted with regret that bribery still persists, that there are judges who declare right wrong and wrong right and that the people's standard of living is very low, but he said, steps taken during the last two years to remedy these shortcomings are heartening.

The Prime Minister, who was frequently cheered, urged the people to live as law-abiding citizens and to ensure the rights of the farmers, who constitute the largest proportion of the population.

Before the Prime Minister started his speech Moulavi Abdullah, a prominent citizen of Kandahar, in his address of welcome

said: "The services rendered by your government will not be forgotten. Your government has proved that it is working for the progress of the country with complete sincerity and dedication. The decrees signed by you and issued in the name of your governors telling them and other civil servants that the government and the civil servants exist only to serve the people have been a cause of delight to the people."

Abdullah said although great strides have been made in raising living standards, in view of the people's aspirations and the requirements of today further reforms were necessary.

Stewart, Rusk

Arrive In Tehran

For CENTO Council

TEHRAN, April 6, (Reuter).—Michael Stewart, British Foreign Secretary, arrived here last night for the annual ministerial council meeting of the Central Treaty Organisation (CENTO) opening here on Wednesday.

His plane made a refuelling stop in Ankara, where it picked up the Turkish Foreign Minister, Hasan Isik, who said Cyprus and other international problems would be discussed at the two-day meeting.

CENTO groups Britain, Turkey, Iran and Pakistan. America is not a full member, but she attends its principal committee and Dean Rusk, Secretary of State, is already in Tehran to take part in the meetings.

NEW YORK, April 6, (AP).—President Maurice Yameogo of Upper Volta lodged here Monday that "my influence and Africa's influence will always be felt on the side of peace."

Yameogo spoke at a ceremony at New York's City Hall where Mayor Robert F. Wagner presented him with a key to the city. Mrs. Yameogo received a small old key. Most of the 75 persons at the ceremony were members of African delegations to the United Nations.

AID Suggests Low Interest Rates

WASHINGTON, April 6, (Reuter).—The Agency for International Development (AID) said yesterday that industrialised states should reduce their rates of interest for their loans to developing countries.

The Agency, which administers U.S. foreign aid, said the debt burdens were eating heavily into benefits from new foreign assistance.

In a 173-page report to Congress, it suggested that interest rates should not be increased.

If current levels of borrowing continued, aid receivers' outstanding debt would triple by 1975, the Agency predicted.

"In the last ten years, the debt service burden has increased so rapidly that it has cancelled out much of the growth in total foreign aid," the report said.

"In 1955, eight per cent of external assistance received was

300 Homeowners Fail To Pay Taxes To Municipality

KABUL, April 6.—About 300 owners of modern houses in Kabul have not paid their taxes amounting to Af. 11,000,000 to the Kabul Municipal Corporation. These taxes have not been paid for many years.

Last year's municipal revenues reached Af. 46 million, showing a considerable increase over revenues collected during 1342.

Mohammad Nabi, administrative chief of the Corporation, said yesterday that its major income came from legally imposed taxes and other duties levied on houses and land, from permits issued to servants and from architects' fees.

He said although the municipality has served notices time and again on the defaulting landlords to pay their dues none of them has done so.

The uncollected Af. 11,000,000 has adversely affected the implementation of municipal projects and has created a number of obstacles for the departments concerned in carrying out their activities.

17 Known Dead As Earthquake Rocks Southern Greece

ATHENS, April 6, (Reuter).—A powerful pre-dawn earthquake rocked three provinces of southern Greece yesterday, causing at least 17 deaths and injuring 67 people.

The Prime Minister declared a state of emergency in the three provinces—Arkadhia, Ilia and Messinia—in the Peloponnese, after a special cabinet meeting.

One of the worst-hit communities was Megalopolis in Arkadhia Province. Local authorities said 95 per cent of the buildings there were destroyed.

King Constantine flew to the stricken area. His mother, Queen Mother Frederika, also flew south with the Ministers of Welfare and Hygiene.

Troops were rushed into the three provinces to aid in the rescue work. Helicopters airlifted injured persons to hospitals.

The Welfare Minister, Nikolass-zorbas called on the World Council of Churches and other foreign relief agencies for help. Three US Air Force trucks headed into the area with 1,500 relief packages.

Soviet, U.S. Delegates To UN Committee Disagree On Definition Of "Aggression"

UNITED NATIONS, April 6, (AP).—

THE United States declared Monday night that South Vietnam is a victim of a form of aggression which employs threat, wanton murder, kidnapping and terror as its chief weapons.

U.S. Delegate Francis Plimpton made the statement in reply to charges of U.S. aggression in Vietnam by Soviet delegate Nikolai T. Fedorenko.

Fedorenko opened a meeting of the U.N. committee on defining aggression with a full-scale attack on U.S. foreign policy not only in Southeast Asia but in Latin America and Africa as well.

Plimpton replied with a detailed account of why the United States is involved on the side of South Vietnam.

Full Meaning

He said the modern world possibly does not yet understand the full meaning of the aggression undertaken against South Vietnam. He charged the aggression is being directed by the government in Hanoi.

He declared that North Vietnam's commitment to seize South Vietnam "is no less thorough than was the commitment of the regime of Northern Korea in 1950" against South Korea.

List of Action

Fedorenko said that U.S. foreign policy makes it more important than ever for the U.N. to define aggression. If a clearcut definition is formulated, containing a list of actions to be established as aggression it would be much more difficult for "imperialist countries to lead astray world public opinion or deceive peoples", he said.

The United Nations has been trying in vain to define aggression since 1950. The subject was last discussed in the General Assembly in 1957. The committee on aggression last met in 1962 and could not agree on any particular time for the Assembly to resume the debate and decided to meet again this year.

Resolution

Before the committee now is a resolution to again defer Assembly consideration.

Fedorenko called on the committee to recommend to Secretary-General U Thant that the 20th session, of the General Assembly put the issue on the agenda.

Nyerere Supports Malaysian Part In Algier's Meeting

DAR-ES-SALAAM, April 6, (Reuter).—Malaysia's Deputy Premier, Tun Abdul Razak, said here last night Tanzania had promised to support the Malaysian application for her admission to the Afro-Asian Conference at Algiers in June.

This announcement followed talks between Tun Razak and President Nyerere at the State House.

A joint communique giving further details is expected before the Malaysian delegation leaves Dar-Es-Salaam today.

At a press conference here last night Tun Razak said he was satisfied with the support the African commonwealth countries were giving Malaysia in her stand against Indonesian aggression, but added his people would welcome any further support "be it moral, financial, or physical."

Stating that Malaysia believed strongly in Afro-Asian solidarity "because it was a major stepping stone towards peace and friendship throughout the world", he praised the formation of the organisation of African unity and said it was making a great contribution to the same end. While countries like Indonesia carried on aggressive policies, smaller nations in the world could never feel safe and secure.

Malaysia wished to settle the present problem by peaceful means but Indonesia no longer was prepared to even talk about it.

Vast Accord Area Between Pak, USSR Exists, Says Ayub

MOSCOW, April 6, (Reuter).—President Ayub Khan here yesterday said his talks with Soviet leaders had shown that there was an extensive area of agreement between Pakistan and the USSR on such vital problems as the maintenance of peace, disarmament, opposition to colonialism, prevention of nuclear proliferation and peaceful settlement of disputes, Tass reported.

President Ayub speaking at a dinner, emphasised that the peoples of the two countries were dedicated to peace and were both engaged basically in the task of improving their lot.

"The basis exists, therefore, for establishing a mutually advantageous and friendly relationship between our countries", he added.

President Ayub who is paying an official visit to the Soviet Union, said Pakistan would welcome a visit from Mr. Mikoyan and other Soviet leaders.

Replying, President of the USSR Mikoyan thanked President Ayub for his kind words about the Soviet state.

Stressing that all peoples needed peace, Mikoyan said the peace-loving people were now watching with alarm the dangerous development of events in Indo-China.

KABUL TIMES

Published By:
BAKHAR NEWS
AGENCY
Editor-in-Chief
Sabahuddin Kushkaki
Editor
S. Khalil
Address:—
Kabul, Afghanistan
Telegraphic Address:—
"Times, Kabul".
Telephones:—
21494 [Extns. 03
22851] 145 and 6.
AFGHANISTAN
Subscription Rates:
Yearly Afs. 500
Half yearly Afs. 300
Quarterly Afs. 200
FOREIGN
Quarterly \$ 9
Yearly \$ 30
Half Yearly \$ 18
Subscription from abroad
will be accepted by cheques
of local currency at the
official dollar exchange
rate.
Printed at:—
Government Printing House

KABUL TIMES

APRIL 6, 1968

Call To Youth

Addressing a gathering of students in Kandahar, at which over 10,000 boys and girls were present, Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf took the opportunity of giving a clear idea of the government's education policy. Urging a basic reform in the system of education, he reminded educationists and the enlightened section of the people of their responsibility and wished that they would go down in history as the builders and architects of new Afghanistan.

He rightly pointed out that education in the country is no longer required only for the purposes of furnishing the government with the necessary administrative personnel. Education now should equip people to develop the country.

This is not the first time Dr. Mohammad Yousuf has reminded the educated young people of the important role they have to play in modern Afghanistan. It is the educated and enlightened youth who can lay the foundations of a prosperous and developing country. It is their duty to create "a feeling of confidence in the future among the people even in the remotest corners of the country" as that in the Prime Minister's view is one of the main aims of education.

In a country where a majority of the population is still illiterate and communications are in a very early stage of development, it is for the enlightened few to do all they can for the emancipation and well-being of the great majority of people.

We need universal education for all Afghans. We need food, shelter, clothing and medical facilities for the nation. We need to make everyone in the country realise what is required of him in his relations with others and for the achievement of our national aspirations for overall development in an atmosphere of peace and tranquillity.

It falls upon the educated section of the nation to meet these challenges. This can be accomplished if members of this important minority join

Administrative Malaise Or Economic Crisis?

Sources Of Revenue

conclusion
BY MAIWAND

On the other side, the same computers can be used in the calculation of income tax to ward off bungling of accounts for taking undue advantage. I personally believe that revenues from income tax and customs duties can be made to yield considerably more than that we get today. The rationale and very existence of the Ministry of Finance can be justified in terms of its capability to collect revenues for purposes of expenditure. I don't know how the Minister of Finance can say that people do not pay their taxes. What is the Ministry for then?

We expect the Ministry to take very stringent and strong action against the defaulters. No mercy should be shown to them specially when the very economic health of this country is in great danger.

I doubt very much that the level of deficit finance this year will be brought down to Af 500 million. The present indication from Da Afghanistan Bank publications is that the deficit will be much higher than what Mr. Rishya spelled out at his last press conference.

Our milch cows, in regard to revenue yielding categories, are the three heads I mentioned ear-

lier, i.e. import duties, income tax and gearing up the tax collection machinery. But land taxes should also yield considerably more than what they contribute to the treasury today.

LAND TAXES

The taxes that our government collects as direct taxes on land are only 1 1/2 to 2 per cent of the total revenues making our budget. In other words, land taxes yield less than half as much as livestock taxes. How ludicrous! The present land taxes are in some areas no higher than one hundredth of one per cent of the market value of land. Even in developed countries where landowners pay progressive income tax as well as other taxes, land tax rates are 100 to 300 times as high, ranging from 1 to 3 per cent of market value.

In Afghanistan the landowner class is the main beneficiary of the present economic activities of the government. It is very strange and perplexing that this class is not made to contribute to the government treasury as much as is consonant with the principle of equity. We observed with chagrin that a few rich families that benefited hundreds of thousands

of afghans from the construction of the Kargha Dam did not pay a single pul more than what they were paying previously. If the principle of equity is not enforced here, how can we ask the poor nomadic tribes settling in the Helmand or other poor residents of that area to pay more?

SALE OF ELECTRICITY
I agree with other advocates of doubling the present land taxes with certain modifications in regard to the principle of equity. This will yield an extra Af. 10 million a year without incurring more government expenses in the collection process. On the other hand, imputed income from agricultural land should be taxed along with income from other sources under the pending new income tax legislation, which is in the offing.

The sale of electricity in substantial quantities can yield a yearly income of Af. 30 million if the government sells one kilowatt-hour for 37 1/2 pul leaving 62 1/2 pul to the distributor company. This system is in practice in India and many other countries of the world. If one distributor company fails, the charge should be handed over to another company which may want to compete and make money.

(Contd. on page 3)

PRESS

All the premier dailies of the capital yesterday carried news about the Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf's visit to Kandahar province. The Prime Minister is inspecting development projects and studying educational affairs of the province.

In its editorial, Anis, criticized the choice of films shown in the capital's cinemas. Although Pohany Theatre has been made responsible for selecting films to be imported, it appears that the censoring authorities are not careful enough to make sure that the films exhibited are both educational and entertaining. Some of the films shown in Kabul cinemas have retrogressive themes and tend to encourage superstitious ideas.

Apart from this, said the editorial, some of the cinemas are in a very poor condition. The seats are hard and broken, the walls are colourless and dusty and the toilets unusable. The editorial said that the Kabul Nandari can be considered the best example of a showplace in this country. Other cinemas should try to achieve the same standards.

A strong committee should be formed to select films and the cinemas should provide adequate amenities in consultation with the Pohany Theatre authorities or under the supervision of experts from the Institute of Fine and Performing Arts, concluded the editorial.

The paper wound up the public discussion on "What Do We Expect From the Radio?" Summarizing the views presented the paper said:

(1) Music: All those who took part in the discussion agree that the musical standards of Radio Afghanistan have to be improved. Training courses should be introduced for this purpose.

(2) Newscasters: There was a consensus of opinion on the low standard of newscasting. Again the introduction of special training courses was recommended by almost everyone who took part in the discussion.

(3) Radio plays should reflect our social life and throw light on the dark corners of human relations.

(4) Efforts should be made periodically to collect samples of local provincial songs and music for broadcast from Radio Afghanistan. Artists should be encouraged through medals and awards and the musical archives should be organized.

(5) Radio interviews should find greater prominence in the programme. Radio reporters making these interviews should be capable people, who must acquaint themselves with the intricacies of the profession the person being interviewed is engaged in.

(6) Committees composed of talented and experienced people should be formed to study and suggest improvements in the various programmes of Radio Afghanistan.

Yesterday's Islah carried an editorial on the need to organize and further equip our libraries to cope with the increasing demand for reading material. We have only a few libraries, it said. The Kabul Public Library is perhaps the most important and widely used in the capital. Still it cannot meet the ever increasing demands of the people wanting access to text-books and reference material.

One of the outstanding problems of all libraries, including the Public Library of Kabul, is the lack of funds to buy new books, the editorial said.

At the same time, organizational changes are required to make the libraries more accessible and more efficient in their work. The editorial said that funds must be provided for the purchase of new books.

Radio Afghanistan
Programme

TUESDAY

Foreign Services,
Western Music

Urdu Programme:
8:00-9:30 p.m. AST 4 775 Kcs on 62 m band.

English Programme:
9:30-10:00 p.m. AST 4 775 Kcs on 62 m band.

Russian Programme:
9:00-9:30 p.m. AST 4775 Kcs on 62 m band.

Arabic Programme:
9:30-10:00 p.m. AST 11945 Kcs on 25 m band.

German Programme:
10:00-10:30 p.m. AST 9635 Kcs on 31 m band.

The above foreign language programmes all include local and international news, commentary, articles on Afghanistan, and Afghan and western music.

WESTERN MUSIC

Daily except Friday 1:05 p.m.—1:30 p.m.
Friday 12:30 p.m.—1:00 p.m.
On short-wave 41 m band.

Air Services

WEDNESDAY

ARIANA AFGHAN AIRLINES

Mazar-Kunduz-Kabul
Arrival-1805
Kandahar, Kabul
Arrival-1200
Kabul-Tehran-Kabul
Arrival-1230
Kabul-Kunduz-Mazar
Departure-1230
Kabul-Kandahar
Departure-1330

AEROFLOT

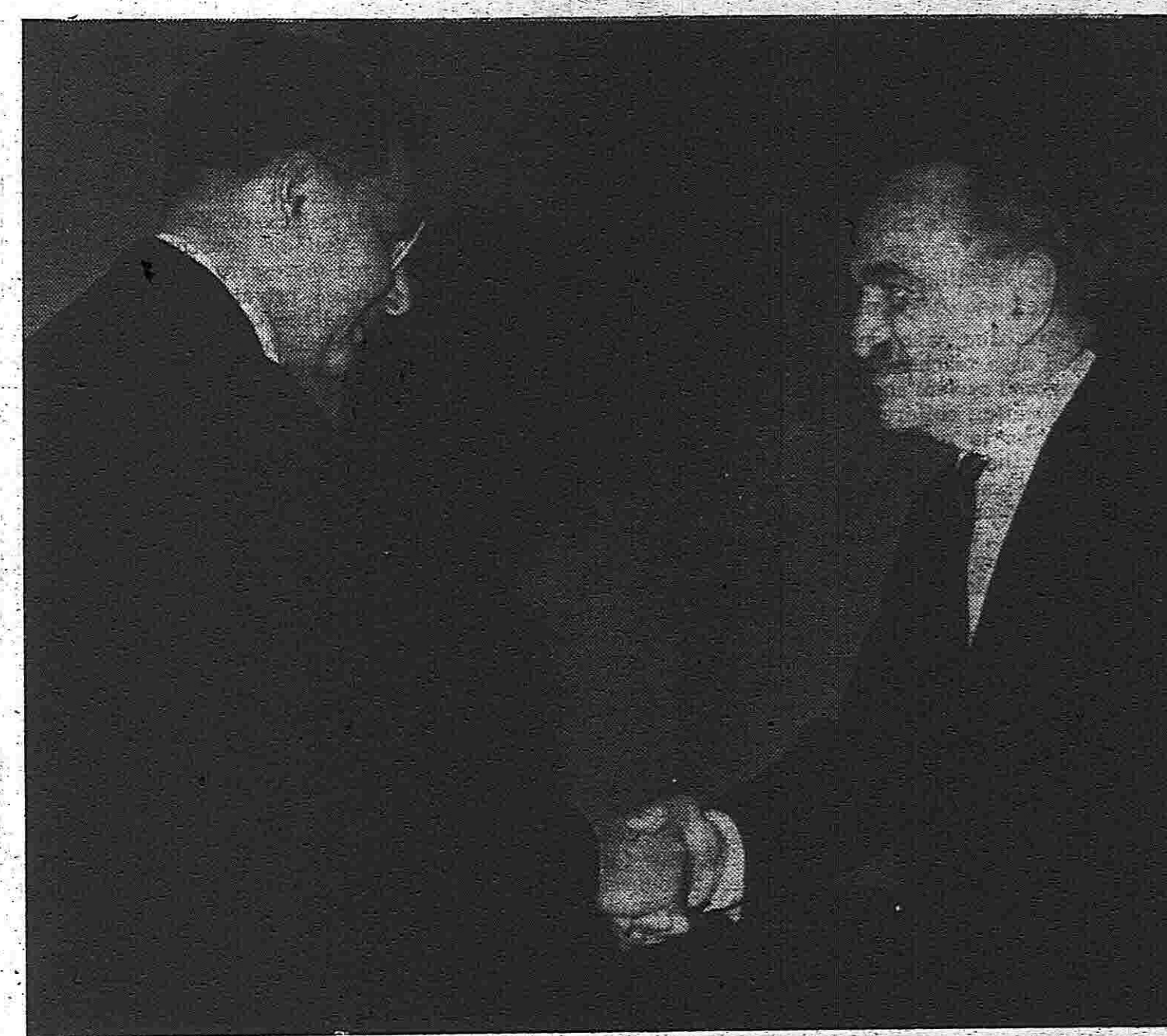
Kabul-Tashkent, Moscow
Departure-1210

Important
Telephones

Fire Brigade	20121-20122
Police	20507-211 22
Traffic	20159-24041
Ariana Booking Office	24731-24732
Radio Afghanistan	24585
New Clinic	24272
D'Afghanistan Bank	20045
Pashany Tejaraty Bank	22092
	20703
	20502
Bakhtar News Agency	20413
Afghan National Bank	21771
Airport	22318

Pharmacies

Yousafi	Phone No. 21584
Faryabi	Phone No. 20867
Asri	No. 24231
Yousufi	No. 21584
Karti-Ghar	No. 20829



Mohammad Aref, (left), Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Afghanistan to the USSR, shaking hands with Anastas Mikoyan, Presidium Chairman of the USSR Supreme Soviet, after he had presented his credentials in the Kremlin on March 31.

Kandahar Visit To Establish Closer Ties
Between People, Government, Premier Says

KANDAHAR, April 6.—Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf Sunday evening told dignitaries and representatives of different woleswalas of Kandahar province that the government has been trying to promote the values embodied in the constitution.

In a speech delivered at a reception held in his honour the Prime Minister said the government has had great success in establishing close relations with the people.

The Prime Minister was applauded when he said that the government is there to serve the people and that every government should consider itself the people's servant. The Prime Minister said the main purpose behind his visit to Kandahar was to establish personal contact with the people.

He appealed to the people to present their difficulties in their true perspective because the biggest of all sins is to portray facts in a distorted manner. The new Afghan constitution aims at bringing about a government representative of the people. The constitution aims to create an independent judicial machinery to secure the rights of the people in the best possible manner, he noted.

The Prime Minister said that in this age when the developed nations have begun to master outer space we are trying to establish a minimum standard of living for our people. We are sure that a prosperous future is awaiting the people of Afghanistan. People, he said, should not think that they are entitled to a series of rights alone. No right can exist without a responsibility.

Farmers constitute the majority of our population and thus every government should focus its attention on them. The present government does not intend to bring about land reform as some other countries did because the farmers are not so strained and fortunately there are vast barren, unoccupied lands throughout the country which can provide sufficient land for farmers who own land. However, the rights of farmers should be respected and they should receive favourable wages for their labour.

We have not merely followed or imitated any particular system in launching our social and economic

reforms. The path we have adopted is an Afghan one, said the Prime Minister.

Before the Prime Minister delivered his speech Haji Mohammad Gul Baris expressed the appreciation of the people of Kandahar for the efforts which the Prime Minister and the government have made in drafting the new constitution and said "we and the entire Afghan nation are fortunate to be marching on the road of progress under the guidance of a progressive king."

He assured the Prime Minister that the people of Kandahar will do their utmost to carry out the development projects and social reforms undertaken by the government.

Haji Baris wished success to the struggles of the Pakhtunistan to secure their legal rights. He said I'm convinced that the government and the people of Afghanistan will support and reaffirm the rights of Pakhtunistan to self-determination.

After dinner the Prime Minister held talks with representatives of Kandahar Province and heard their views and problems in commerce, agriculture and cattle raising.

The Prime Minister after visiting the Kandahar development projects inspected the military garrison. General Mohammad Said military commandant of Kandahar greeted the Prime Minister at the garrison.

ATHENS, April 6, (Reuter).—President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia arrived in Athens by air from Yugoslavia, yesterday with his wife for a three-day formal visit at the invitation of the Greek King and Queen.

President and Madame Bourguiba were welcomed at the airport, bedecked with Greek and Tunisian flags, by King Constantine

and Crown Princess Irene. The Prime Minister, George Papandreu, and other high ranking government and military representatives were also there.

Early on she presided over a meeting of opposition groups which decided that her Sri Lanka Freedom Party, the Trotskyist pro-Moscow Communist Party would function as a single unit in opposition.

Together, they have 55 seats in the House of 151 elected members. Dudley Senanayake's United National Party now forms the government with the support of the Tamil Federal Party and other groups.

An Irishman, R. Singleton Salmon, was one of five nominated M.P.s appointed yesterday by Senanayake to represent minority interests. He is director of a number of British companies and will represent British interests.

Lawyer Sir Albert Pairis, a former Speaker, was elected Speaker of the House.

Free Exchange Rates At D'Afghanistan Bank

KABUL, April 6.—The following are the exchange rates at the D'Afghanistan Bank expressed in Afghani per unit of foreign currency.

Buying	Selling
Af. 66 (per US dollar)	Af. 65.50
Af. 122 (per one pound sterling)	Af. 123.40
Af. 1625 (per hundred German Mark)	Af. 1637.50
Af. 1513.39 (per hundred Swiss Franc)	Af. 1525.00
Af. 1315.79 (per hundred French Franc)	Af. 1325.50

and Crown Princess Irene.

The Prime Minister, George Papandreu, and other high ranking government and military representatives were also there.

Chaplins Tell Son
Living On Relief
To Find A Job

LONDON, April 6, (AP).—Charlie Chaplin and his wife arrived in London Sunday night and turned a cold shoulder on their 18-year-old son, his wife and their child, who are living on relief money.

"He should get a job and go to work," said Mrs. Chaplin in a statement to reporters, who asked her about Michael Chaplin. "If I do not wish to indulge him as a beatnik that's my privilege."

Michael married 25-year-old actress Pat Johns this February in Scotland, where minors do not need parental consent.

Last week it was learned that the family is receiving 10 rounds a week in national assistance, although the elder Chaplin is a multi-millionaire.

Michael is the eldest of the film comedian's eight children by his fourth wife, the daughter of American playwright Eugene O'Neill. Last week a newspaper quoted Michael as saying he was waiting for a part "in a picture produced by a Frenchman," and until he gets the part he would have to stay on relief money.

Mrs. Chaplin was not interested. "The young man is a problem and I am sorry he was given national assistance," she said. He has stubbornly refused an education for three years and therefore he should get a job and go to work."

Mrs. Bandaranaike
Becomes Ceylon's
Opposition Leader

COLOMBO, April 6, (Reuter).—Mrs. Sirimavo Bandaranaike, formerly the world's first woman Prime Minister, yesterday officially became the world's first woman opposition leader.

Mrs. Bandaranaike, beaten in last month's general election, occupied the opposition leader's chair when the House of Representatives met yesterday afternoon for the first time since the polls.

Earlier she presided over a meeting of opposition groups which decided that her Sri Lanka Freedom Party, the Trotskyist pro-Moscow Communist Party would function as a single unit in opposition.

Together, they have 55 seats in the House of 151 elected members. Dudley Senanayake's United National Party now forms the government with the support of the Tamil Federal Party and other groups.

An Irishman, R. Singleton Salmon, was one of five nominated M.P.s appointed yesterday by Senanayake to represent minority interests. He is director of a number of British companies and will represent British interests.

Lawyer Sir Albert Pairis, a former Speaker, was elected Speaker of the House.

Free Exchange Rates At D'Afghanistan Bank

KABUL, April 6.—The following are the exchange rates at the D'Afghanistan Bank expressed in Afghani per unit of foreign currency.

Buying	Selling
Af. 66 (per US dollar)	Af. 65.50
Af. 122 (per one pound sterling)	Af. 123.40
Af. 1625 (per hundred German Mark)	Af. 1637.50
Af. 1513.39 (per hundred Swiss Franc)	Af. 1525.00
Af. 1315.79 (per hundred French Franc)	Af. 1325.50

and Crown Princess Irene.

The Prime Minister, George Papandreu, and other high ranking government and military representatives were also there.

Premier Attends Reception Given By General Said

KABUL, April 6.—The integrity of Afghan soil and the preservation of Afghanistan's independence are of prime importance to the government and we have always tried to further strengthen and mobilise the royal army," said Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf at a reception held in his honour last night by Kandahar's military Commandant, Gen. Mohammad Said.

In his address of welcome Gen. Said expressed his satisfaction over the attention paid by the government to strengthening the army.

The reception was attended by the Governor of Kandahar, military and civil officials and their wives.

Broadway Stars Raise Funds For Rights Workers

NEW YORK, April 6, (Reuter).—Sir John Gielgud, Maurice Chevalier and many American stars appeared on Monday night in a fund-raising performance called "Broadway Answers Selma".

The show, a protest at police actions against civil rights supporters in Alabama, raised about 150,000 dollars for civil rights organisations and families of the Rev. James Reeb and James Jackson who were killed during the demonstrations.

Dr. Martin Luther King, who led the mass march from Selma to Montgomery, was in the audience and among the stars were Jack Benny, Sammy Davis Jr., Victor Borge, Harry Belafonte and Eli Wallach.

Pakhtunistanis Attack Military Post At Kandaw

KABUL, April 6.—A report from Peshawar, central dependent Pakhtunistan, says that a group of nationalists from independent Momand Kandaw attacked a Pakistani military post at Kandaw and inflicted considerable damage.

Another report says that in spite of the Pakistan government's warning to people not to participate in any public gatherings, Ajmal Khatak attended a public meeting held at the tomb of Rahman Baba and recited a nationalistic poem.

Eight Killed As Congo Insurgents Attack Bendara

LEOPOLDVILLE, April 6, (Reuter).—Four Europeans and four Congolese government soldiers were killed in an insurgent attack on the town of Bendara, about 60 miles north of Albertville, according to radio reports yesterday.

The reports said three other Congolese and one European were wounded in the attack on Sunday. They did not indicate whether the European casualties were mercenaries.

Bendara is halfway between Albertville, capital of North Katanga, and Fizi, an insurgent stronghold in central Kivu province on Lake Tanganyika.

Educate To Develop Country, Not Fill Government Posts, Prime Minister Yousuf Says

KANDAHAR, April 6.—PRIME Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf addressing a large number of students said that he was in favour of a basic change in the country's system of education. He wished educationists and the intelligentsia to be remembered in history as founders of the new Afghanistan.

The Prime Minister, who once himself worked as a teacher, said that the educational system should now aim at educating children in such a manner as to meet the overall needs of the country.

In the past, he said, the main objective of education was to fill government posts with trained employees. But today the task of education was to build a new Afghanistan.

Education should aim at morality and honesty. It is regrettable, he said, that in some schools teachers take bribes to promote students to higher classes.

The Prime Minister said the development of a nation demands continuous efforts on the part of the people. It is our duty to make a good start in order to bring into being a comfortable and decent society.

He said: "We have started social reforms peacefully under the wise leadership of His Majesty the King. In other countries the inclusion of such values as are embodied in Afghanistan's new constitution has led to bloodshed."

"The mere fact that we have

been able to embody in our constitution values which guarantee the dignity of man and that we are going to uphold these values is a great change."

The Prime Minister said he fully believed that the people of Afghanistan were capable of taking leadership in their own hands.

Miss Kamar, a 12th grade student of Zarghuna Ana Girls' School, speaking on behalf of girl students of Kandahar province, said that they acquired knowledge to serve their nation and that they fully supported all the activities of the government.

Hedayattullah Hedayat, a student of Ahmad Shah Baba Lycee, on behalf of the schoolboys of Kandahar province, expressed gratitude over the fundamental social changes introduced by the government of Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf. After referring to the values embodied in the new constitution of Afghanistan Hedayat said prosperity and a higher living standard depended on co-operation among all sections of the people.

Before the students' meeting the Prime Minister visited the School of Mechanics of Kandahar where 177 students are enrolled.

The principal of the school, Mohammad Belal, said the school had been set up with help from UNESCO, the government of the Federal Republic of Germany and the Ministry of Education.

Dr. Yousuf Visits Girls' School In Kandahar Province

KANDAHAR, April 6.—Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf visited the Zarghuna Ana Lycee yesterday. The Lycee, the only high school for girls in the Kandahar province, has 800 students on its rolls, and its first graduates will come out this year.

The 12th grade students told the Prime Minister that they wished to go in for higher education at the university level. The Prime Minister in reply said that he would try his best to provide the necessary facilities.

The Ministry of Education, he added, planned to have a dormitory at Kabul University for provincial women graduates to continue their studies.

The Prime Minister said the government will do all it can to help Afghan women occupy their rightful place in society.

The Prime Minister expressed pleasure over the increasing interest taken by the people in girls' education. He appealed to the girl students to be aware of the heavy responsibility they had to shoulder. It was for them to train the new generation.

Referring to the importance of nursing the Prime Minister told the students that nursing was a suitable and respectable field for women.

A 12th grade student addressing the Prime Minister said: "Your intellectual abilities and the services you have rendered as the Prime Minister of the country are fully appreciated in educational circles."

The Prime Minister later inspected the school's handicraft room where embroidery work was on display. He also inspected some classes.

ADEN, 6, (Reuter).—Seven Yemeni republicans yesterday made an appeal to President Nasser of the United Arab Republic, King Feisal of Saudi Arabia and the Secretary-General of the Arab League to help bring peace to the Yemen.

In a cable, published yesterday, to the Arab leaders, they said the assassination last week of the former Yemeni Deputy Premier Qadhi Mohammad Mahmoud al-Zubeiri clearly showed "the utter chaos" prevailing in the Yemen.

Dr. Yousuf Asks Kandahar Traders To Invest More

KANDAHAR, April 6.—Prime Minister Dr. Mohammad Yousuf told traders of Kandahar yesterday that the government had provided necessary facilities to encourage private investment. He invited the traders to response to this challenge.

In reply a number of Kandahar businessmen proposed the establishment of a textile mill and a tannery.

The Prime Minister instructed Mohammad Hussain Masa, Minister of Mines and Industries, to take immediate action to provide necessary help and facilities to the traders for this purpose.

In a speech at a reception given in his honour by the Kandahar Chamber of Commerce the Prime Minister said the government planned to set up an industrial bank and extend credits to investors on easy terms. The economic policy of the government aims at encouraging and supporting private investors.

One of the main causes responsible for the present rise in the rate of exchange and the inflationary trend was import of goods to meet the country's needs. In order to put an end to this state of affairs it is necessary to set up industries to supply the primary commodities needed by the public. Similarly exports should be expanded, agricultural production stepped up and imports of luxury goods stopped.

Businessmen, he said, can play a major role in building up the country and eliminating poverty by investing their capital in productive enterprises.

The Prime Minister said traders should not engage in smuggling and should not take to bribery.

U Thant Opens First Session Of Trade-Development Board

UNITED NATIONS, April 6, (AP).—SECRETARY-General U Thant opened the first meeting of the U.N. Conference of the Trade and Development Board Monday with a prediction it would widen the scope of co-operation in the United Nations.

Ambassador Syed Amjad Ali of Pakistan, former President of the U.N. Economic and Social Council and former Pakistan Finance Minister, was chosen unanimously as the board's President. He is Pakistan's Permanent Representative to the United Nations.

Fifty-five nations were elected to the board in Geneva last spring, including Indonesia. But that country has since left the United Nations, and is not attending the board meeting.

In opening the session, Thant told the Board that it had an important part in integrating international trade and financing the two substantial vehicles of development.

"The conference on Trade and Development is thus a positive expression of the concept whereby the task of maintaining the peace is no longer viewed solely in terms of political events, but is indivisibly linked to the achievement of a better standard of living in all parts of our shrinking world."

"Governments and peoples expect this new machinery to make definite progress in achieving these aims. I am confident that you will seize every opportunity to move forward, and that you will labour most constructively to bring to reality these goals."

The new President of the Board said the larger part of the secretariat of the World Trade Conference would be in Geneva and part would be in New York.

Amjad Ali gave that view at a news conference held after the board elected him to the presidency on starting its first, three-week session.

He said the developing countries at the first U.N. Conference on Trade and Development in Geneva

last spring—favoured having the secretariat in Geneva.

The conference Secretary-General Prebisch of Argentina, pointed out that no decision has been made on the subject.

Sitting beside Ali, he said: "The board may make a recommendation to the General Assembly and on the basis of that recommendation we would take some action on the secretariat level"—even before the Assembly convenes September.

Prebisch said the Secretariat was "absolutely neutral on this matter" and was prepared to work wherever the governments thought best but he added that a compromise plan to split the Secretariat between New York and Geneva was "far from being the ideal solution."

The United States is known to favour having the secretariat in New York and the Soviet Union to favour having it in Geneva.

The President said developing countries did not want to ban the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) from discussing questions also being discussed by the World Trade Conference but "we also feel there should be no duplication" of study committees between the two.

WEST BERLIN, April 6, (Reuter).—Traffic started flowing along the autobahn linking West Berlin with West Germany yesterday after a five-hour standstill imposed by East Germany.

Diana Hair Dressing Salon

Proudly announces that in order to serve the interest of its customers it will remain open throughout the forth-coming four day holiday. DIANA Hair Salon Kart-i-Char opposite Pharmacy Depot Tel: 23684



PARK CINEMA:

At 2-30, 5-30, 10 p.m. Italian film FAIBLES FEMMES with Dari translation.

KABUL CINEMA:

At 1-30 p.m. musical American film.

BEHZAD CINEMA:

At 2, 4-30, 6-30 p.m. American film.

ZAINEB CINEMA:

At 2, 4, 6 p.m. American film.

Britons Brace For Increase In Taxes

LONDON, April 6, (Reuter).—Britons have braced themselves for more and higher taxes and an even tighter government grip on the national purse strings. The annual budget will be presented to parliament today.

Chancellor of the Exchequer (Finance Minister) James Callaghan will present one of the most critical budgets in Britain's history when he stands at the despatch box in the House of Commons this afternoon.

Smoking, drinking and motor-ing are likely to bear the main impact of higher taxes other than those already announced last November in the Labour government's emergency autumn budget introduced less than a month after the Labour Party gained power.

He will also spell out the new taxes he announced then a tougher capital gains tax on industry and a new corporation tax to replace income and profits taxes on corporations.

Electronic Beam Changes Course Of 'Snapshot 10-A'

VANDENBURG, Air Force Base, California, April 6, (Reuter).—U.S. space scientists for the first time have used an electronic beam to alter the course of a spacecraft.

A tiny ion engine, powered by the world's first known nuclear reactor in space, fired the beams on Sunday night, an air force spokesman said.

The engine is a prototype for a beam device that could propel a satellite deep into space for long periods at speeds faster than present satellites.

It was the second feat by the spacecraft, called Snapshot 10-A which was launched here on Saturday and was orbiting the earth at an altitude of more than 700 miles.

On Sunday, the tiny nuclear reactor started a self-sustaining nuclear reaction and produced power of 580 watts. Dr. Glenn Seaborg, chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, said it was the first of its type in the world.

In future models, the ion engine will be used to keep the spacecraft on course by brief bursts of the electronic beams. The gas jets now used for this purpose consume much more fuel.

APRIL FOOL'S DAY DANCE

An evening of dancing will be held in the French Club April 8th, 9:30 p.m. Tickets are available Tuesday and Wednesday, April 6th and 7th at the French Club between 5 and 7 p.m.

adv.